Abandoned Vessel Laws in the Coastal States

STEPHANIE SHOWALTER
DIRECTOR, NATIONAL SEA GRANT LAW CENTER

ABANDONED AND DERELICT VESSEL WORKSHOP SEPTEMBER 15, 2009
MIAMI, FLORIDA

Common Program Elements

- Notification requirements and procedures
- Removal authority
- Disposition options and procedures
- Disposal guidelines
- Enforcement Provisions
- Funding Mechanisms

Notification Requirements and Procedures

- Variety of requirements for notifying vessel owners, lienholders, and others with interest in vessel regarding pending action.
 - Make reasonable effort to identify owner
 - Posting of notice on vessel
 - o If owner known, notification by certified mail
 - o If unknown, notification by publication in newspaper
- Most states require notification at every stage (taking custody, removal, sale, etc.)

Removal Authority

- Variety of entities may be granted removal authority
 - Law enforcement agencies
 - State agencies responsible for natural resources and/or boating
 - Local governments
 - Private landowners
 - Marinas
- Scope of authority granted varies
 - Some state agencies may only remove vessels from public property and waters.
 - Local governments may have to enact ordinances to exercise authority.

Disposition Options

- Public auction or sale
- Transfer of title to finder or landowner
- Retention by state or local agency
- Donation to nonprofit organization
- Delivery to marine salvage company
- Disposal in landfill
- Use as artificial reef material

Enforcement Provisions

- Owners often liable for the costs of removal, storage, disposal, and any associated environmental damage
- Fines and other criminal and civil penalties
 - Typically in range of \$500 \$1,000 and 6 months imprisonment.
 - In some states, fines may be assessed for each day vessel remains after notification.
- Revocation or suspension of boat and motor vehicle registration and licenses
- Lienholder enforcement action

Funding Mechanisms

- Legislative appropriations
- Boating registration fees
- Grants
- State and local agency general funds
- Fines
- Proceeds from sales and auctions
- Liens

Common Omissions

- Many states to do not have a clear definition of "abandoned" or "derelict" vessel.
- Only two states have guidance (albeit limited) on how vessels are to be removed.
 - Mississippi requires an environmental assessment if vessel located in coastal wetlands.
 - South Carolina requires a permit if vessel is to be removed from a "critical area" and the process will significant impact the surrounding marsh environment.
- Very few states establish guidelines for disposal.
 - Florida and Mississippi require disposal in landfill
 - Washington requires disposal in "an environmentally sound manner."
- Grant of authority to local governments, but no funding.

Contact Information

Full report available for download online at

http://nsglc.olemiss.edu/Advisory/Abandoned%20Vessel %20State%20Laws.pdf

Stephanie Showalter
National Sea Grant Law Center
Kinard Hall, Wing E – Room 256
University, MS 38677
(662) 915-7714
sshowalt@olemiss.edu